

Warm Up

Classify each angle as acute, right, obtuse, or straight.

1. 90°

Right

2. 72°

Acute

3. 116°

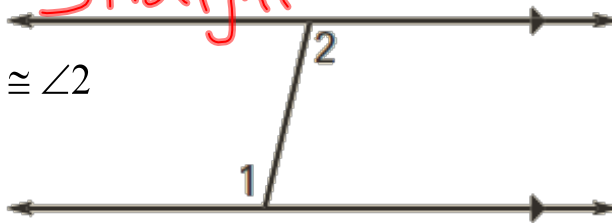
Obtuse

4. 180°

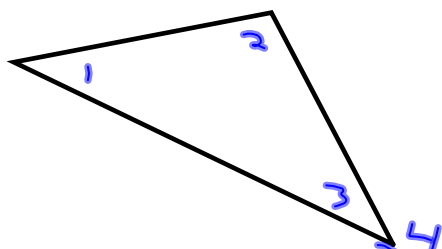
Straight

5. How do you know that $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

Alt. int Angles



4-1 Triangle Sum Properties



Triangle sum theorem -

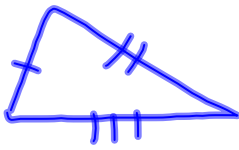
$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 180^\circ$$

Exterior angle theorem -

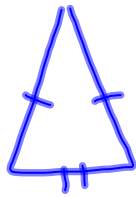
$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 4$$

Classifying Triangles by Sides

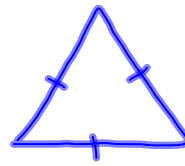
Scalene



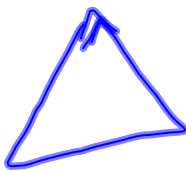
Isosceles



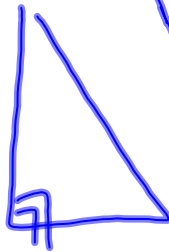
Equilateral

Classifying Triangles by Angles

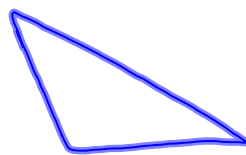
Acute



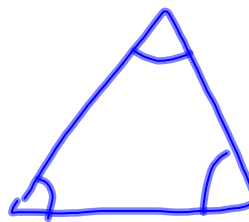
Right



Obtuse

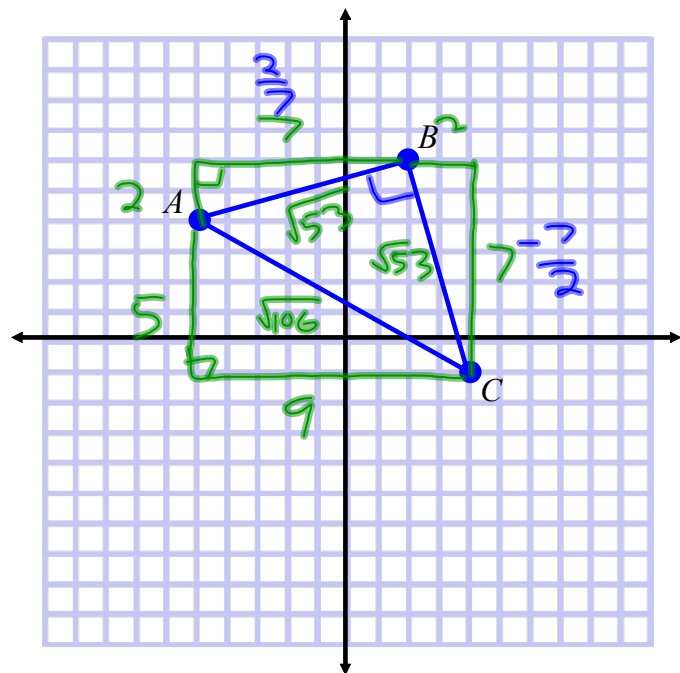


Equiangular

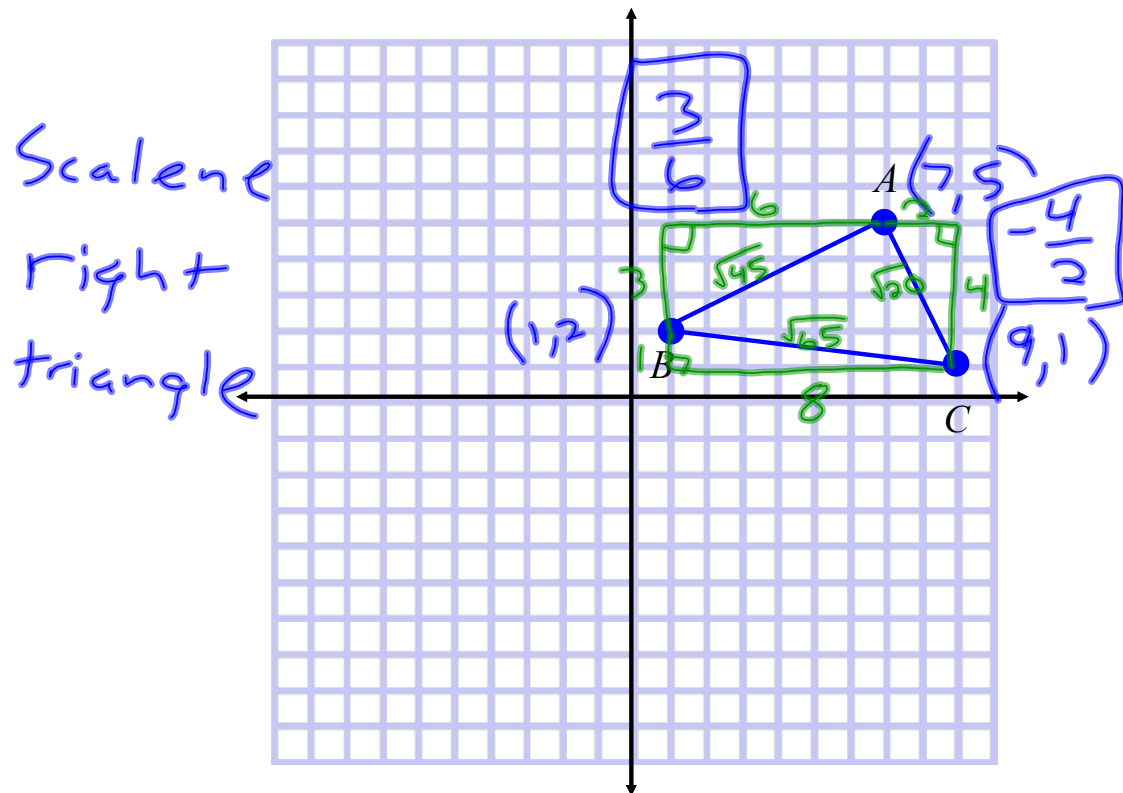


Ex 1 Classify triangle ABC by its sides and angles.

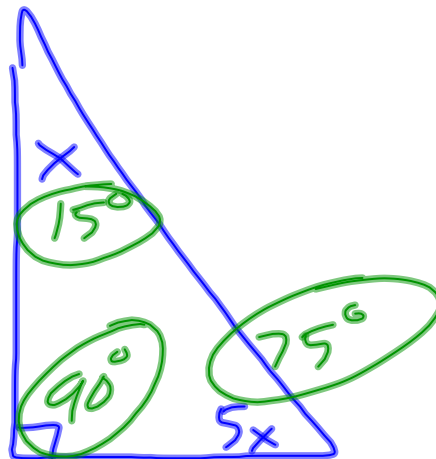
isosceles
right
triangle



Ex 2 Classify triangle ABC by its sides and angles.



Ex. 3 In a right triangle, the measure of one acute angle is five times the measure of the other. Find the measure of each angle.



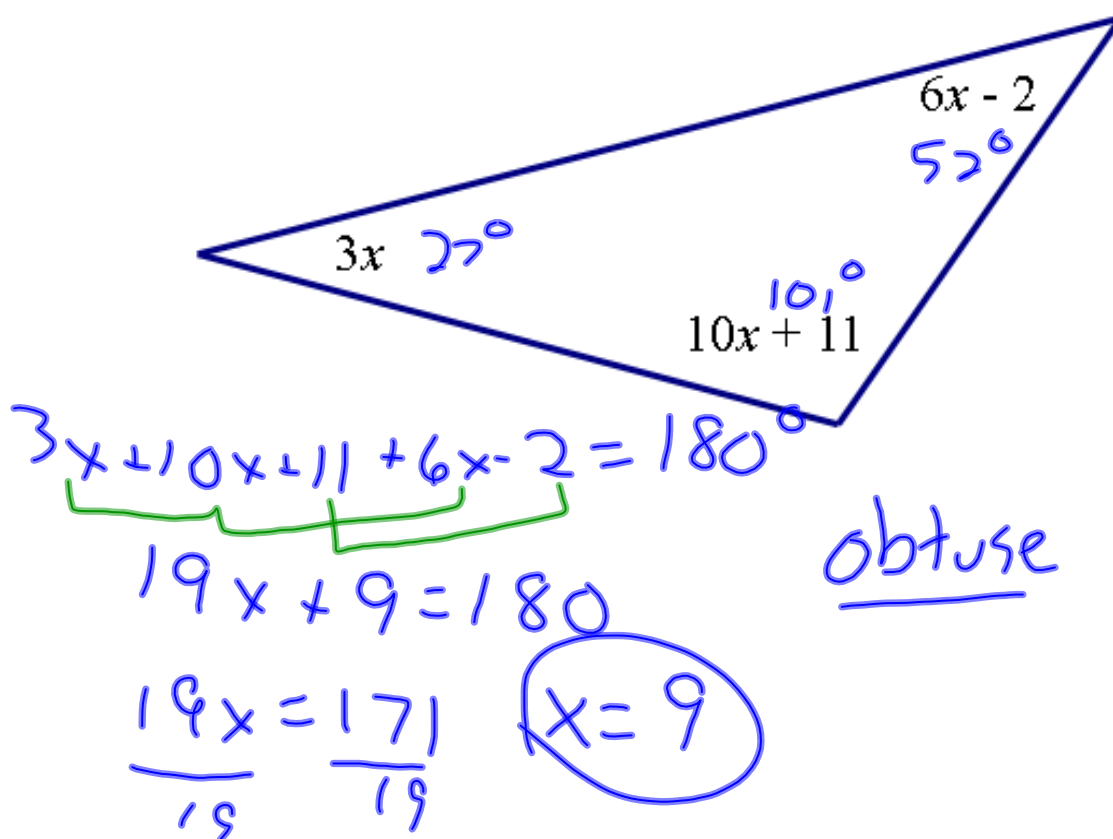
$$x + 5x + 90 = 180$$

$$1x + 5x = 90$$

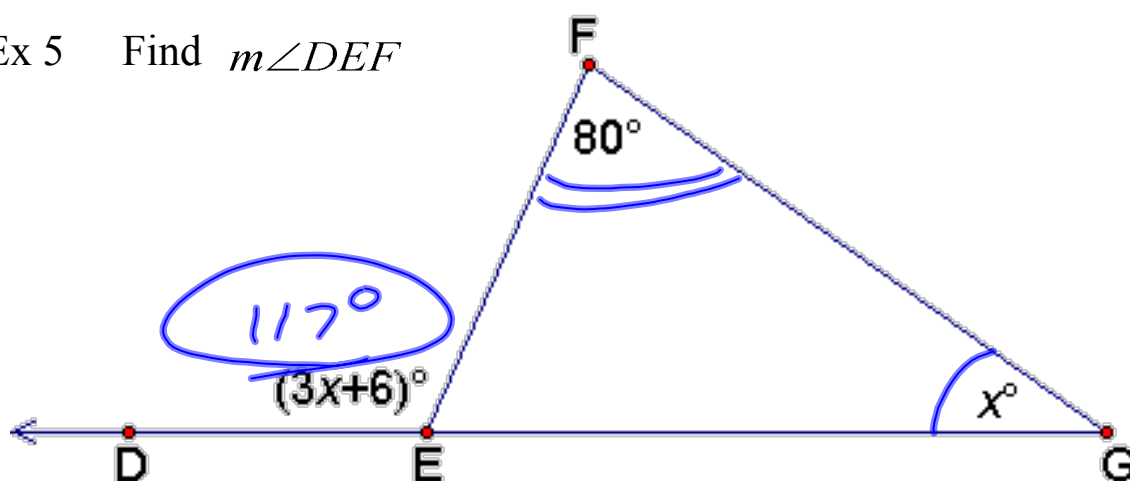
$$6x = 90$$

$$x = 15$$

Ex. 4 Find the value of x . Then classify the triangle by its angles.



Ex 5 Find $m\angle DEF$



$$\begin{array}{r}
 x + 80 = 3x + 6 \\
 -x \quad -x \\
 \hline
 80 = 2x + 6 \quad 74 = 2x \\
 37 = x
 \end{array}$$

Ex 6 Find the measure of the exterior angle.

